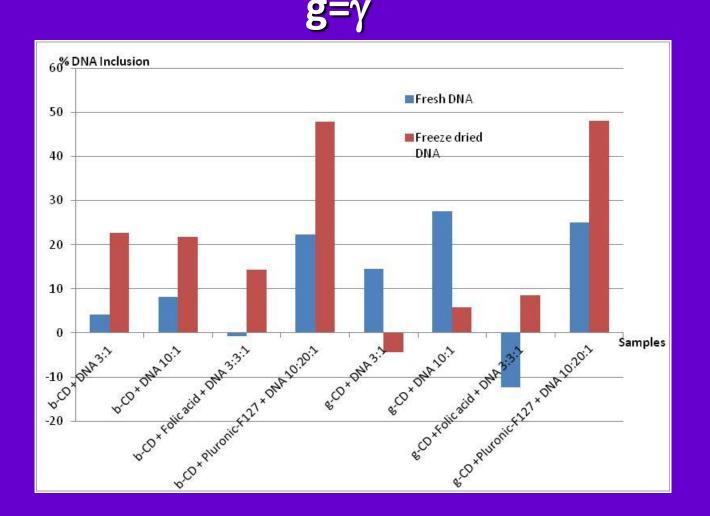


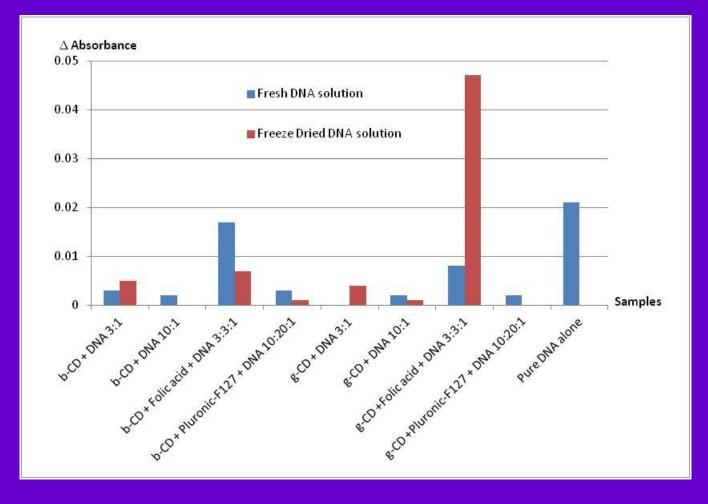
Gene Delivery Using Non-Viral Vectors (Cyclodextrins) with Pluronic[®]-F127 and Folic acid

Mr. Matthew Hong Sheng Eng (MPharm) and Dr. Amal Ali Elkordy, senior lecturer in pharmaceutics

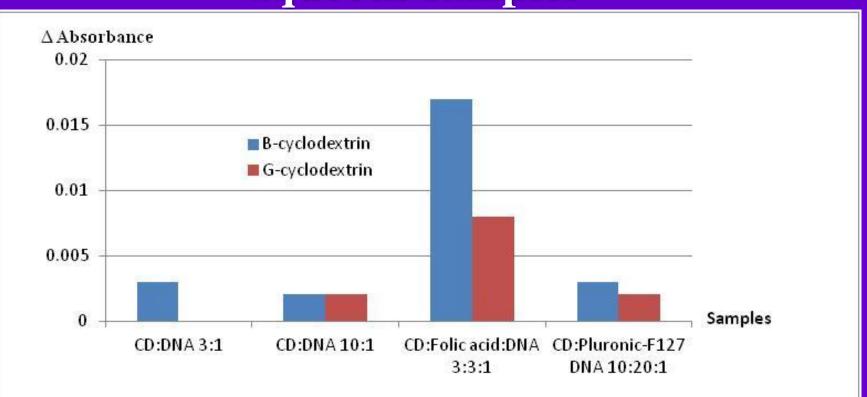
Comparison between % inclusion of fresh and freeze dried DNA samples; b=β and



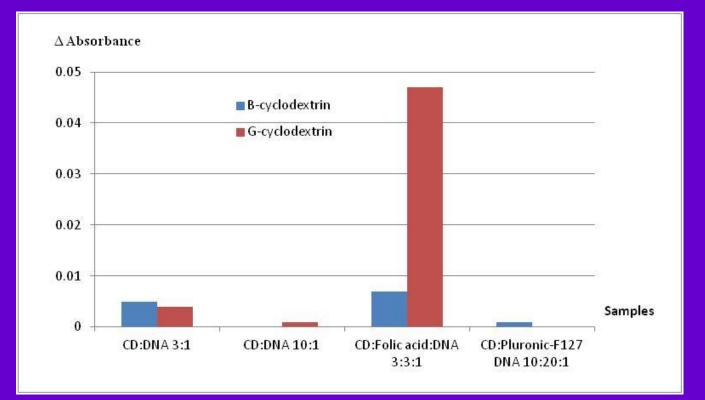
Comparison between fresh and freeze dried DNA samples in relation to DNase I activity; $b=\beta$ and $g=\gamma$



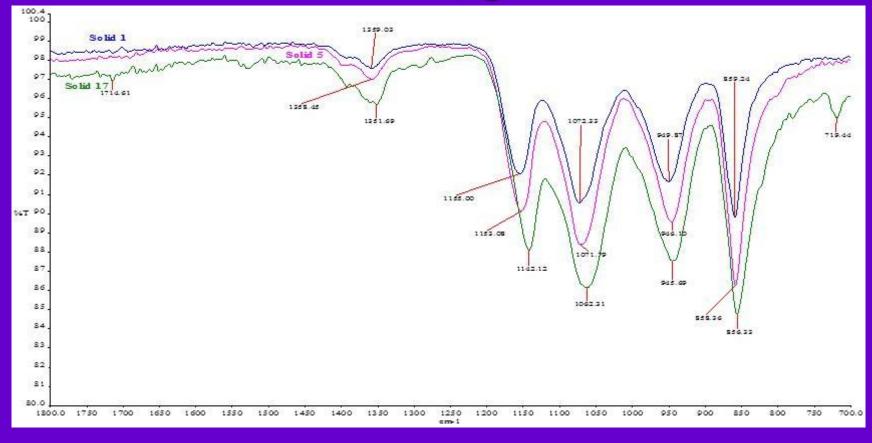
Comparison between the stability offered by β -CD and γ -CD against DNase I (Δ Absorbance at 260nm) for fresh DNA aqueous samples



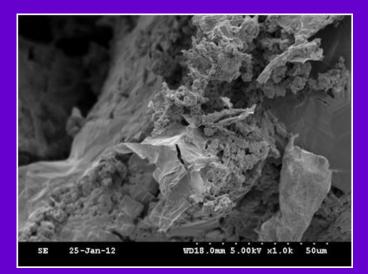
Comparison between the stability offered by β -CD and γ -CD against DNase I (Δ Absorbance at 260nm) for freeze dried DNA samples

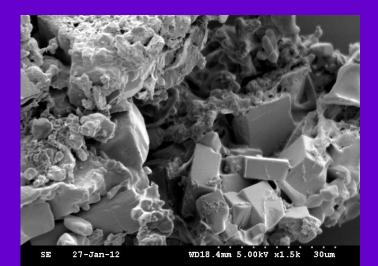


Spectra of Solid 1 (β-CD:DNA 3:1)blue; Solid 5(β-CD:Folic Acid:DNA 3:3:1) pink; Solid 17 (β-CD:Pluronic-F127:DNA 10:20:1) green









γ-CD:Folic Acid:DNA 10:10:1

β-CD:Pluronic-F127:DNA 10:20:1

Charge measurements of DNA samples

Sample	Average Zeta Potential (mV)
β-CD: DNA 3:1	-2.6
β-CD:DNA 10:1	11.18
β-CD:Pluronic-F127:DNA 10:20:1	0.18
γ-CD:Pluronic-F127: DNA 10:20:1	-5.06

T_m values for freeze dried DNA samples as determined by DSC

Sample	T _m (°C)
β -CD + Folic acid + DNA	230.06
3:3:1	
β-CD + Pluronic-F127 +	224.98
DNA 10:20:1	
DNA alone	209.52

CONCLUSIONS

The use of cyclodextrins as non-viral gene carriers with the incorporation of Pluronic-F127 or folic acid as excipients has dramatically affected the stability of the gene formulations. The addition of Pluronic-F127 into the DNA formulations improved the overall stability while conflicting results were observed with folic acid containing formulations. The stability of the DNA formulations was significantly increased through freeze drying.